

National Training Aircraft Symposium (NTAS)

2017 - Training Pilots of the Future: Techniques & Technology

Aug 15th, 3:15 PM - 4:45 PM

Pilot Professionalism and Attitude Management: A New CRM Generation?

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Velázquez, Jonathan Ph.D., "Pilot Professionalism and Attitude Management: A New CRM Generation?" (2017). *National Training Aircraft Symposium (NTAS)*. 26. https://commons.erau.edu/ntas/2017/presentations/26

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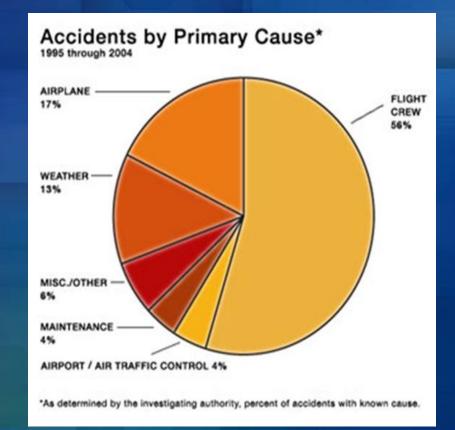
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Overview

CRM: A Brief History Past Generations Recent Research Behavioral Traps, Cognitive Biases, and other hazardous conduct Pilot Professionalism NPRM – A Summary Proposed Solutions: Attitude Management **Cognitive Debiasing** 2 Cognitive Adaptation Training

Introduction

Flight crew is the number one contributing factor in U.S. aviation accidents



CRM: A Brief History

1st Generation

- **Cockpit Resource Management**, focused on the psychological and behavioral aspects of team performance, specifically, the over-authoritarian leadership styles of captains, and the lack of assertiveness in many first officers.
- Courses were characterized by seminar-styled lectures on managerial and psychological aspects of pilot interactions.



CRM: A Brief History

2nd Generation

- Emphasized team work
- Team building, briefing strategies, etc.

3rd Generation

Training extended to other groups, such as flight attendants, dispatchers, and maintenance personnel



CRM: A Brief History

4th Generation

- Advanced Qualifications Program
- Special training for those charged with certification of crews and formal evaluation of crews in full mission simulation is required (Line Operational Evaluation or LOE)
- Specific behaviors and CRM training concepts were processed into checklists.
- 5th Generation
 - Threat and Error Management (TEM)
 - Emphasis on organizational safety culture

Recent Research

- Dismukes et al. (2007): Re-analyzed 19 accidents from 1991-2000
- Shappell et al. (2007). Applied HFACS to commercial aviation accidents

Mosier et al. (2012). Aviation Decision Making Issues and Outcomes: Evidence from ASRS and NTSB Reports

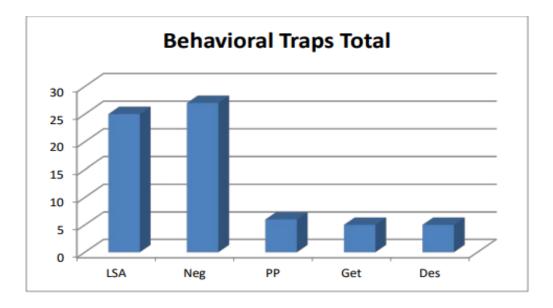
Velazquez (2016). Behavioral Traps in Flight Crew-Related 14 CFR Part 121 Airline Accidents

Behavioral Traps

- Peer Pressure
- Get-There-Itis
- Loss of Situational Awareness
- Unauthorized Descent Below an IFR Altitude
- Neglect of Flight Planning, Preflight Inspections, and Checklists

Results – Descriptive Statistics

- Every SME found a minimum of one behavioral trap and a maximum of four throughout the analysis.
- The average number of behavioral traps was two.



Neglect of Flight Planning, Preflight Inspections, and Checklists

Disregard for SOPs

Failure to perform walk arounds or preflight inspections.

Nonadherence to sterile cockpit rule

Inadequate use of checklists or resources

Loss of Situational Awareness

Poor workload management and consistently getting behind the airplane

Constant state of surprise of what happens next

Inability to recognize deteriorating

circumstances

Uncertainty regarding the airplanes geographical position

Other surprising results

- Behavioral Traps occurred mostly during approach and landing
- Neglect... occurred twice as much at night.
- Evidence of habitual noncompliance and perhaps normalization of deviance
- How effective is CRM? Is it time for a new CRM generation with emphasis in attitude management?

NPRM in a nutshell:

- Provide new-hire pilots with an opportunity to observe flight operations (operations familiarization) to become familiar with procedures before serving as a flight crew member in operations.
- Revise the upgrade curriculum;
- provide leadership and command and mentoring training for all pilots in command (PICs);
- and establish Pilot Professional Development Committees (PPDC).

The NPRM

Does it really change CRM training?



Proposed Solution: Attitude Management Training through Cognitive Debiasing

Modifying the decision maker or generating alternatives

Dealing with optimism

Proposed Solution: Attitude Management through Cognitive Adaptation Training

Mental Mode Management Training (MMMT)

Mindfulness Training (MT)

Conclusions

- Behavioral traps negatively affect aeronautical decision making and increase the likelihood of an aviation accident due to pilot error or unsafe behaviors.
- Recent Pilot Professionalism NPRM does little to modify CRM training and address attitude management.
- Attitude Management can be inserted to CRM training and or LOFT sessions to address professionalism issues:
 - Cognitive debiasing (Generating alternatives and dealing with optimism)
 - Cognitive adaptation (MMMT and Mindfulness)

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Questions

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